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**Milk and Cream—Production and Sale. (Ord. July 5, 1916.)**

3. No person shall remove from any building in which exists any contagious disease any bottle or other receptacle which has been or which is to be used for containing or storing milk, except by permission of the board of health or its agents.

4. All cans, bottles, and other receptacles in which milk or cream is handled, transferred, or sold must be thoroughly cleaned and sterilized each time before filling.

5. All dippers, measures, or other utensils used in the handling of milk must be kept clean and sanitary while in use and shall be thoroughly washed and sterilized in boiling water or steam directly after each day's use.

6. The ice box or ice tub in which milk is kept by dairymen or dealers in milk must be thoroughly cleaned by scrubbing at least twice a week.

7. Submerging in water the top of bottles containing milk or cream intended for sale is prohibited.

8. No person shall use any milk or cream tickets more than once.

9. No person shall keep milk or cream intended for sale in a living or sleeping room or in any room which is not kept clean or in which the plumbing is not constructed in accordance with the plumbing requirements of the city; or keep milk in any cans except those with the inner surface smooth and free from rust.

10. The person in charge of any dairy or place where milk is handled for sale shall exclude from such place all children under 11 years of age.

11. It shall be the duty of the owner or operator or person in charge of any dairy or milk route to find out and report immediately to the board of health, in writing, any case of diphtheria, scarlet fever, typhoid fever, smallpox, or venereal disease on the premises where milk is produced, handled, or sold.

12. It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale or to have with intent to sell, whole milk within the limits of New Britain, except in tightly sealed bottles.

The provisions of this ordinance shall not apply to sales of milk by the glass to be drunk on the premises or to sales of milk at wholesale to be bottled.

**Nuisances—Prohibition and Abatement. (Ord. July 5, 1916.)**

1. No person shall create a nuisance in said city nor permit a nuisance to be or to remain upon any property or in any building owned, occupied, or controlled by him.

2. The board of health and the superintendent of health are hereby given power and authority to summarily abate any nuisance in said city, or to cause the same to be abated by the owner, occupant, or person in charge of the premises whereon said nuisance is created or exists. No person shall neglect or refuse to immediately abate any nuisance as ordered by said board of health or superintendent.

**NEW CASTLE, PA.****Food Inspector—Appointment, Duties, and Salary. (Ord. Mar. 14, 1916.)**

SECTION 1. That the food inspector, when appointed, shall be under and subject to the control and direction of the superintendent of public safety and the council, and be connected with and constitute part of the health department of said city.

SEC. 2. Any milk or other tests, which are required to be made by said food inspector, by virtue of his office, shall be made, or caused to be made, by the health officer in the city laboratory, and the result of such tests shall be furnished to the said food inspector: *Provided, however,* That when the said food inspector is a competent bacteriologist he shall make his own tests.

SEC. 3. The said food inspector shall be assistant health officer when he is thereto directed by the council.

SEC. 4. The said food inspector shall not perform the duties of inspector or scaler of weights and measures so long as an inspector of weights and measures is appointed in pursuance of the act of assembly specially relating thereto.